

Casplan Journal of Pediatrics

Babol University of Medical Sciences





Letter to the Editor: "Curcumin; A Golden Opportunity to Fill Gaps in Pediatric Migraine Pharmacotherapy"

Zahra Nazari Taloki 1,2 * ©

- 1. Department of Clinical Pharmacy, School of Pharmacy, Babol University of Medical Sciences, Babol, Iran
- 2. Non-Communicable Pediatric Diseases Research Center, Health Research Institute, Babol University of Medical Sciences, Babol, I.R.Iran
- *Corresponding Author: Dr. Zahra Nazari Taloki;

Address: Non-Communicable Pediatric Diseases Research Center, No 19, Amirkola Children's Hospital, Amirkola, Babol, Mazandaran Province, 47317-41151, IR Iran.

Tel: +98 1132346963

Fax: +98 1132346963

E-mail: zahra_nazari_taloki@yahoo.com

Article Info.

Article type:

Research Letter

Received: 29 March 2025 Revised: 20 April 2025 Accepted: 21 April 2025 Published: 27 April 2025

Keywords:

Curcumin,
Inflammation,
Migraine,
Neuroprotective,
Pediatric,
Pharmacotherapy

Dear Editor

Migraine is a common neurological disorder in children and adolescents with an estimated prevalence of 11%, which can affect the quality of life and academic performance. Recent evidence suggests that although medications such as topiramate (with and without vitamin D3 supplementation), pregabalin, levetiracetam, amitriptyline, riboflavin, flunarizine and cinnarizine may be effective in reducing the frequency of migraine attacks in pediatric patients, they are not helpful to improve quality of life improvement or decrease the duration of migraine attacks [1]. We would like to propose curcumin, a bioactive polyphenolic diketone from turmeric, as an innovative therapeutic approach for pediatric migraine and highlight its valuable effects.

Although the exact pathophysiology and etiology of migraine remain unclear, oxidative stress, inflammation and neuroendocrine disparities have been recognized as major risk factors in the onset of migraine attacks. Among the miraculous effects of curcumin, we count its antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, neuroprotective and pain-relieving properties, which make it a promising candidate for addressing migraine-related mechanisms. The remarkable effect of curcumin on migraines is therefore no coincidence. In this context, recent research has shown that curcumin offers notable benefits, including a marked decrease in the severity, frequency, and duration of migraine attacks, as well as a significant improvement in quality of life [2-6].

The efficacy and safety of curcumin in children and adolescents have been confirmed ^[7]. In emphasizing its safety in pediatric neurological disorders, the recently published clinical study on the effect of curcumin in the treatment of intractable pediatric epilepsy should not be ignored ^[8].

Although this idea has not yet received attention, it is an indication that this natural drug deserves further consideration and evaluation as a novel, effective treatment for migraine in children that could potentially improve the quality of life of these patients.

Cite this Article:

Nazari Taloki Z. Letter to the Editor: "Curcumin; A Golden Opportunity to Fill Gaps in Pediatric Migraine Pharmacotherapy". Caspian J Pediatrs March 2024; 10: e16.



Acknowledgement

We are grateful to the Clinical Research Development Committee of Amirkola Children's Hospital, Babol University of Medical Sciences for their contribution to this study.

Declaration of Competing Interests

The author discloses no financial or personal relationships with other individuals or organizations that could inappropriately influence their work.

References

- Gargari OK, Aghajanian S, Togha M, et al. Preventive Medications in Pediatric Migraine: A Network Meta-Analysis. JAMA Net Open 2024; 7(10):e2438666.
- Heidari H, Shojaei M, Askari G, et al. The impact of curcumin on migraine: A comprehensive review. Biomed Pharmaco 2023; 164: 114910.
- 3. Kontor EK, Muhammad DG, Kumah J, et al. Nanocurcumin supplementation for the management of

- migraine: A systematic scoping review and metaanalysis. Pharma Nutrition 2024: 100407.
- Rezaie S, Askari G, Khorvash F, et al. Effects of curcumin supplementation on clinical features and inflammation, in migraine patients: A double-blind controlled, placebo randomized clinical trial. Inter J Prevent Med 2021; 12(1): 161.
- Aletaha R, Kashtkar M, Farshi H, et al. The effect of Nano-curcumin on migraine attacks: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized control trials. Advanc Integ Med 2025; 12(1).
- Mohseni M, Sahebkar A, Askari G, et al. The clinical use of curcumin on neurological disorders: An updated systematic review of clinical trials. Phytother Res 2021; 35(12): 6862-82.
- Heidari Z, Daei M, Boozari M, et al. Curcumin supplementation in pediatric patients: A systematic review of current clinical evidence. Phytother Res 2022; 36(4): 1442-58.
- 8. Erfani M, Ashrafzadeh F, Rahimi HR, et al. Effect of curcumin on pediatric intractable epilepsy. Iran J Child Neuro 2022; 16(3): 35.